

Naming and Equations Review

Name the following compounds. Remember, they may be either ionic or covalent compounds, so make sure you use the right naming method!

- 1) LiBr _____
- 2) Na₂O _____
- 3) Ca(SO₄) _____
- 4) Be(NO₃)₂ _____
- 5) NO _____

Write the formulas for the following compounds. Remember, they may be either ionic or covalent compounds, so make sure you use the right method!

- 6) sodium nitride _____
- 7) sulfur dioxide _____
- 8) ammonia _____
- 9) calcium (phosphate) _____
- 10) aluminum (nitrate) _____

More Mixed Naming Fun!

Name these compounds. They may be either ionic or covalent.

- 1) Li(OH) _____
- 2) PBr₃ _____
- 3) Na₂(SO₄) _____
- 4) (NH₄)₂S _____
- 5) Ca(CO₃) _____
- 6) CF₄ _____
- 7) Na(NO₃) _____
- 8) P₂S₃ _____
- 9) Al(NO₃)₃ _____
- 10) Mg(OH)₂ _____

Write the formulas for the following compounds. Remember, they may be either ionic or covalent compounds, so make sure you use the right method!

- 11) potassium oxide _____
- 12) phosphorus tribromide _____
- 13) calcium (hydroxide) _____
- 14) dinitrogen sulfide _____
- 15) carbon monoxide _____
- 16) diboron tetrahydride _____
- 17) phosphorus pentabromide _____
- 18) sulfur dichloride _____
- 19) sodium (carbonate) _____
- 20) aluminum (acetate) _____

Naming and Equations Review – Answers

Name the following compounds. Remember, they may be either ionic or covalent compounds, so make sure you use the right naming method!

- 1) LiBr (ionic) **lithium bromide**
- 2) Na₂O (ionic) **sodium oxide**
- 3) CaSO₄ (ionic) **calcium sulfate**
- 4) Be(NO₃)₂ (ionic) **beryllium nitrate**
- 5) NO (covalent) **nitrogen monoxide**

Write the formulas for the following compounds. Remember, they may be either ionic or covalent compounds, so make sure you use the right method!

- 6) sodium nitride (ionic) **Na₃⁺¹N⁻³**
- 7) sulfur dioxide (covalent) **S⁺⁴O₂⁻²**
- 8) ammonia (covalent) **N⁺³H₃⁻¹**
- 9) calcium phosphate (ionic) **Ca₃⁺²(PO₄⁻³)₂**
- 10) aluminum nitrate (ionic) **Al⁺³(NO₃⁻¹)₃**

More Mixed Naming Fun! - Answers

Name these compounds. They may be either ionic or covalent.

- 1) LiOH (ionic) **lithium hydroxide**
- 2) PBr₃ (covalent) **phosphorus tribromide**
- 3) Na₂SO₄ (ionic) **sodium sulfate**
- 4) (NH₄)₂S (ionic) **ammonium sulfide**
- 5) CaCO₃ (ionic) **calcium carbonate**
- 6) CF₄ (covalent) **carbon tetrafluoride**
- 7) NaNO₃ (ionic) **sodium nitrate**
- 8) P₂S₃ (covalent) **diphosphorus trisulfide**
- 9) Al(NO₃)₃ (ionic) **aluminum nitrate**
- 10) Mg(OH)₂ (ionic) **magnesium hydroxide**

Write the formulas for the following compounds. Remember, they may be either ionic or covalent compounds, so make sure you use the right method!

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|-----|-------------------------|---|
| 11) | potassium oxide | (ionic) $\text{K}_2^{+1}\text{O}^{-2}$ |
| 12) | phosphorus tribromide | (covalent) $\text{P}^{+3}\text{Br}^{-1}_3$ |
| 13) | calcium hydroxide | (ionic) $\text{Ca}^{+2}(\text{OH}^{-1})_2$ |
| 14) | dinitrogen sulfide | (covalent) $\text{N}^{+1}_2\text{S}^{-2}$ |
| 15) | carbon monoxide | (covalent) $\text{C}^{+2}\text{O}^{-2}$ |
| 16) | diboron tetrahydride | (covalent) $\text{B}^{+2}_2\text{H}^{-1}_4$ |
| 17) | phosphorus pentabromide | (covalent) $\text{P}^{+5}\text{Br}^{-1}_5$ |
| 18) | sulfur dichloride | (covalent) $\text{S}^{+2}\text{Cl}^{-1}_2$ |
| 19) | sodium carbonate | (ionic) $\text{Na}^{+1}_2\text{CO}_3^{-2}$ |
| 20) | aluminum acetate | (ionic) $\text{Al}^{+3}(\text{C}_2\text{H}_3\text{O}^{-1})_3$ |